

International Conference of Low Carbon Asia  
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Stabilizing Climate Through Low Carbon Actions in Asia: Road to COP21  
And Beyond

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# Indonesia GHG Reduction Planning, Mitigation Actions and INDC



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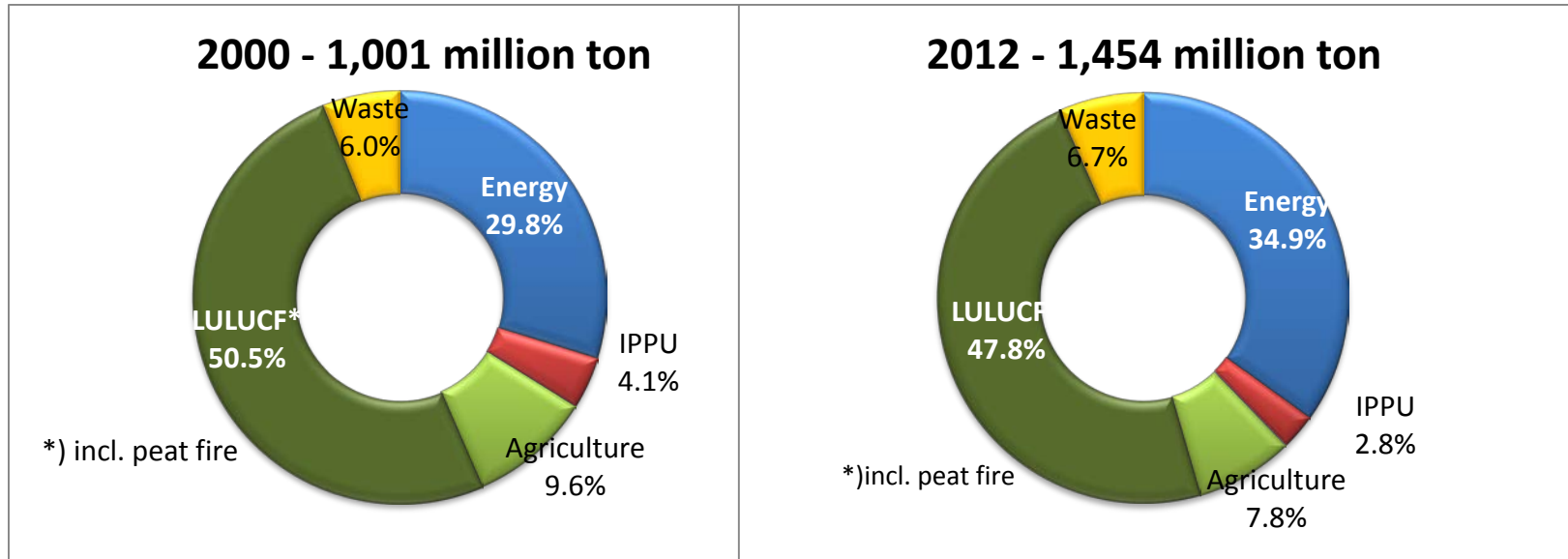


## Outline

- Past Trend of GHG Emissions
- GHG Reduction Planning and Implemented Plans
- Indonesia INDC
- Closing Remarks



# Past Trend of GHG Emission



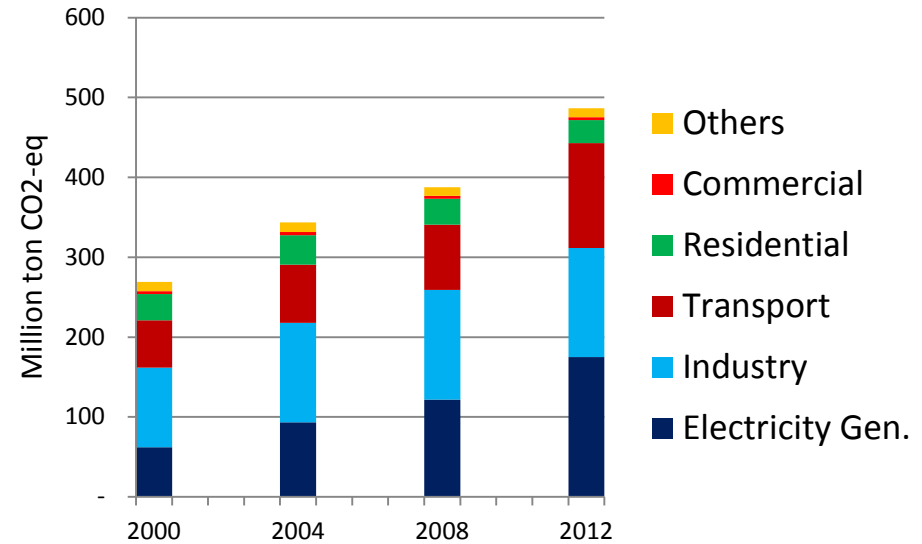
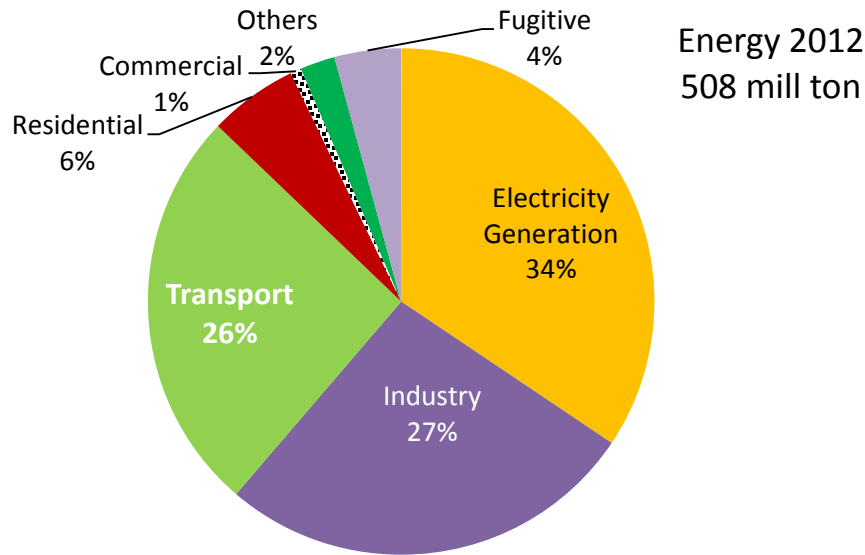
Sectors	Million ton CO2e		Percentage		Average annual growth
	2000	2012	2000	2012	
1 Energy	298	508	30	35	4.5%
2 IPPU	41	41	4	3	0.1%
3 Agriculture	96	113	10	8	1.3%
4 LULUCF *	505	695	51	48	2.7%
5 Waste	61	97	6	7	4.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,001</b>	<b>1,454</b>			<b>3.2%</b>

*\*) including peat fire*

*Source: Draft-Indonesia 1<sup>st</sup> BUR*



# Breakdown of Energy Sector Emissions



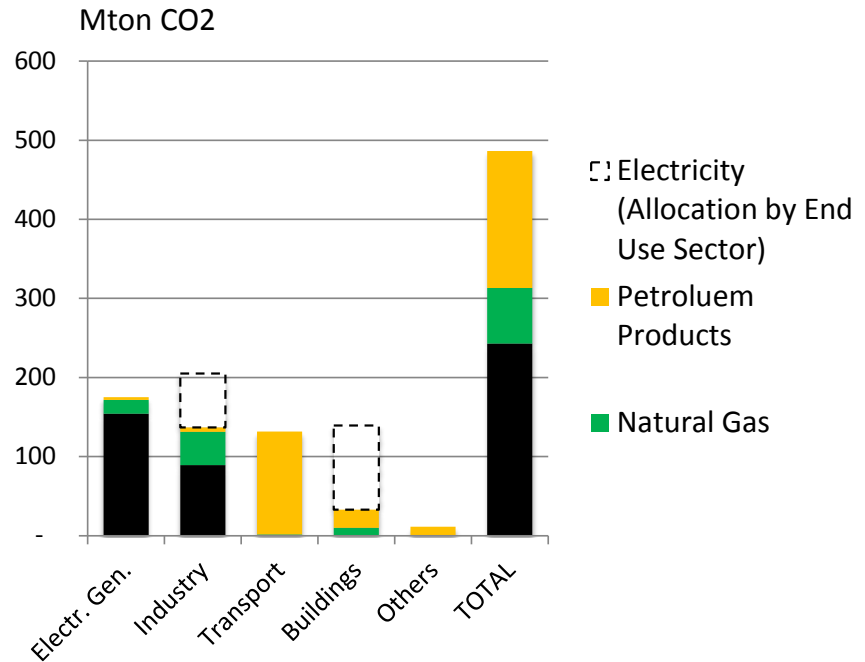
## Combustion Emissions

Major sources: coal & oil

Uses: Power gen., industry, transport

End-use sector: 45% from fuel burning in industry;

Emissions from power generation is accounted by building (60%) and industry (40%) sectors.





# GHG Reduction Planning

## Key Institutions:

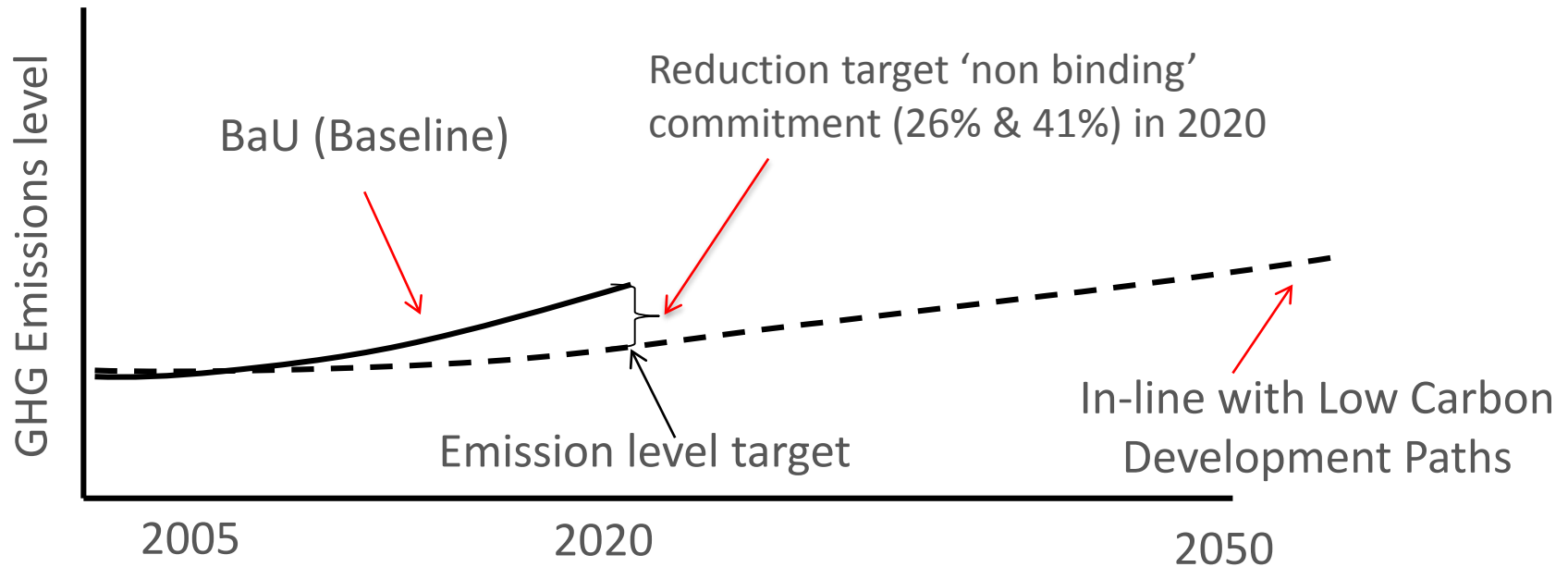
- Ministry of Environment and Forestry
- BAPPENAS (National Planning Board)
- Line ministries
- Energy companies
- Universities/Researchers

## Focus Group Discussions to achieve:

- Establish baseline
- Determine mitigation actions
- Reduction Targets

National Mitigation Action  
Plans (RAN – GRK)  
Presidential Regulation  
No.61/2011

# National Mitigation Action Plan (RAN GRK)



Sector	Emission Reduction (Giga ton CO <sub>2</sub> e)		Total (41 %)
	26%	15%	
Forestry & Peatland	0.672	0.367	1.039
Waste	0.048	0.030	0.078
Agriculture	0.008	0.003	0.011
Industry	0.001	0.004	0.005
<b>Energy</b>	<b>0.038</b>	<b>0.018</b>	<b>0.056</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.767</b>	<b>0.422</b>	<b>1.189</b>



## Mitigation Actions 2012- 2020 (RAN –GRK)

Target 38 million ton CO<sub>2</sub>e reduction in 2020

Actions	Sector					Measures	
	Transport	Residential	Industry	Commercial	Power	Project	Policy
Demand Side:							
Mass transport	●					▬	
CFL & LED		●		●			▬
Energy efficiency		●	●	●		▬	▬
Supply Side:							
Biofuel	●		●		●		▬
Biogas		●				▬	
Hydropower					●	▬	
Geothermal					●		▬
Natural gas	●	●				▬	
Solar PV		●				▬	

Realization

Biofuel: 70 million bbl /year

Geothermal: 195 MW, 5 sites (additional)

Hydro: 830 MW

Biogas: 31.000 units (residential)

Natural gas: 90.000 hh connected, 120 MSCD in transport

Solar PV: 600 MW

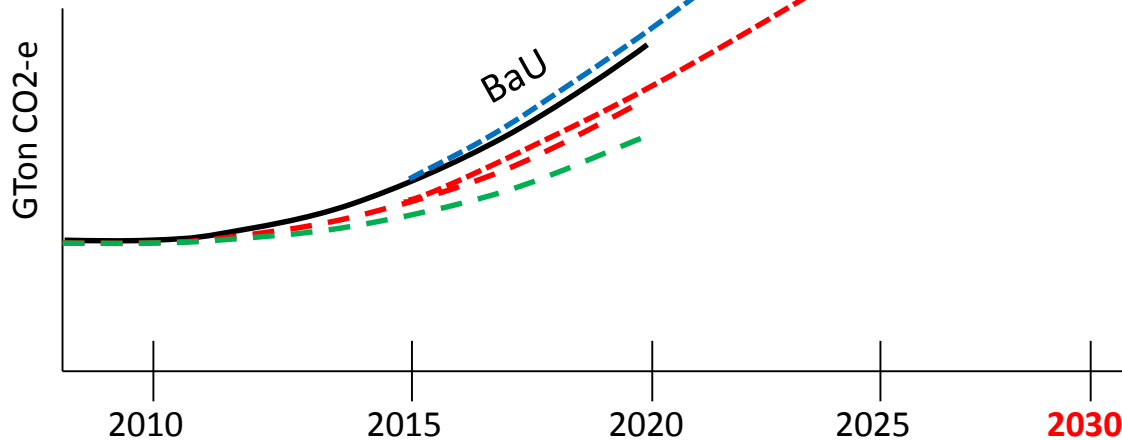
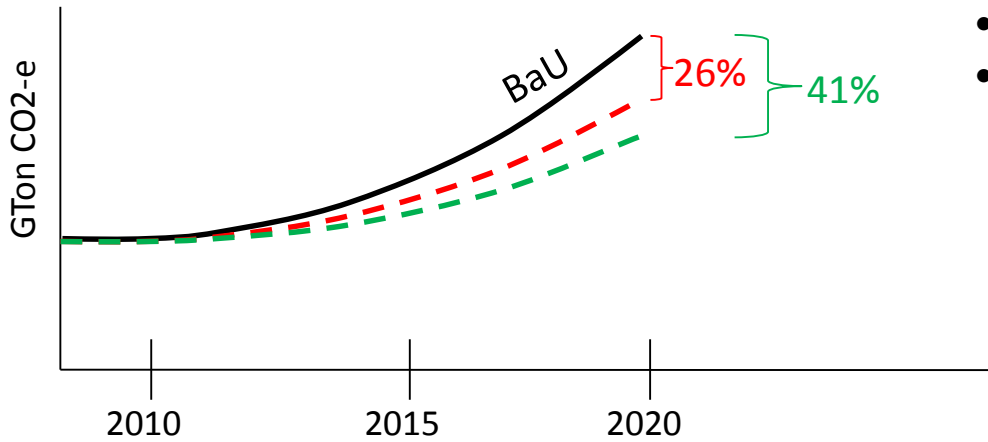
# Emission reduction pledge and INDC



Indonesian President's pledge (end of 2009)

RAN-GRK:

- 26% Domestic Budget
- 41% Dom. Budget+internat'l Support







# INDC Process

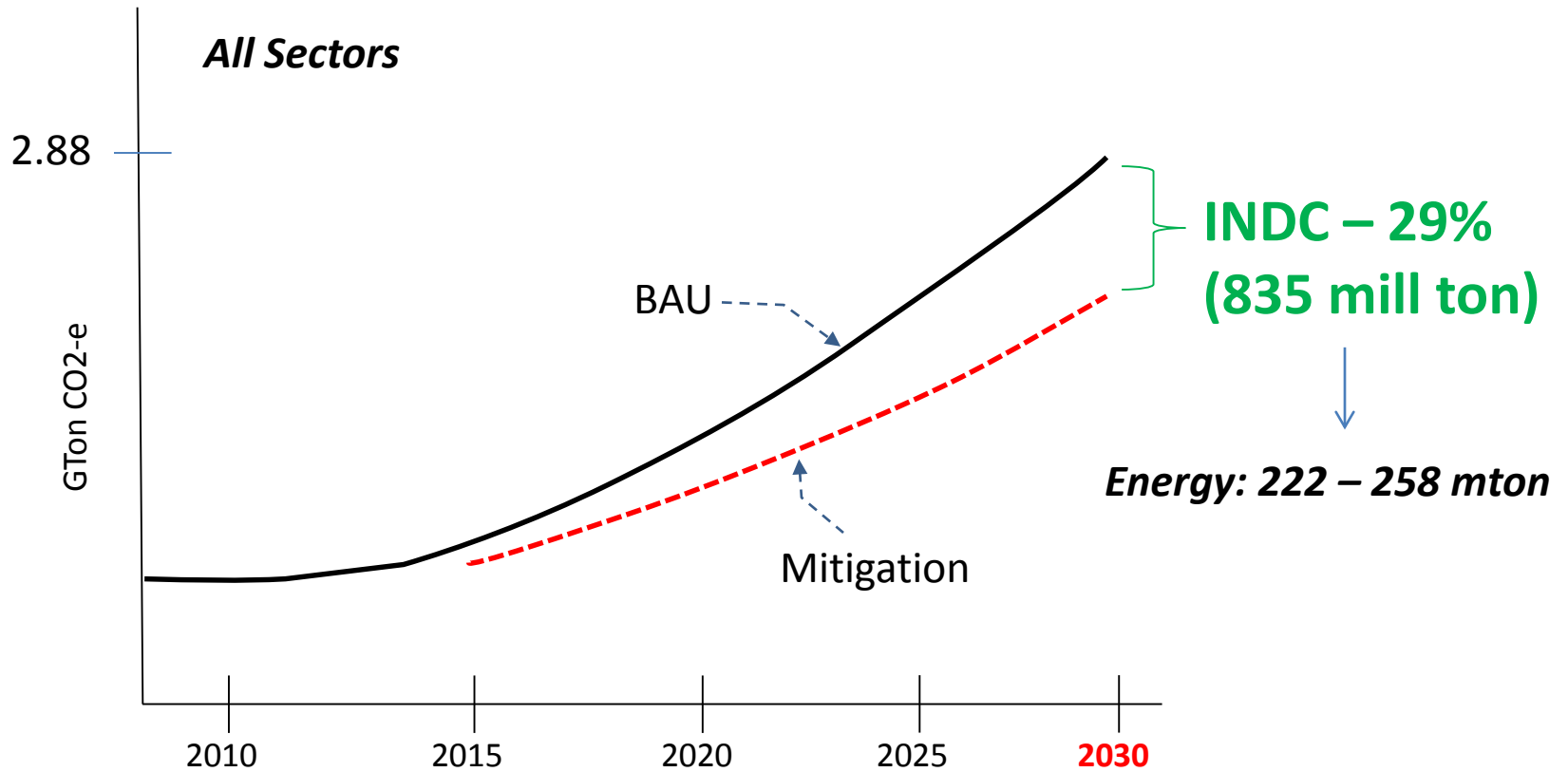
## Leading institution: BAPPENAS

Contributors: sectoral line agencies and related economic ministries, researchers, council of MoEF advisors

- Based on rigorous scientific-policy assessments.
- Comprehensive policy impacts and carrying capacity assessments:
  - Sector policies
  - Inter linkages policies across sectors and economy
- Tools: System Dynamics model
- Indonesia INDC: 29% lower than BAU in 2030



# Indonesia INDC





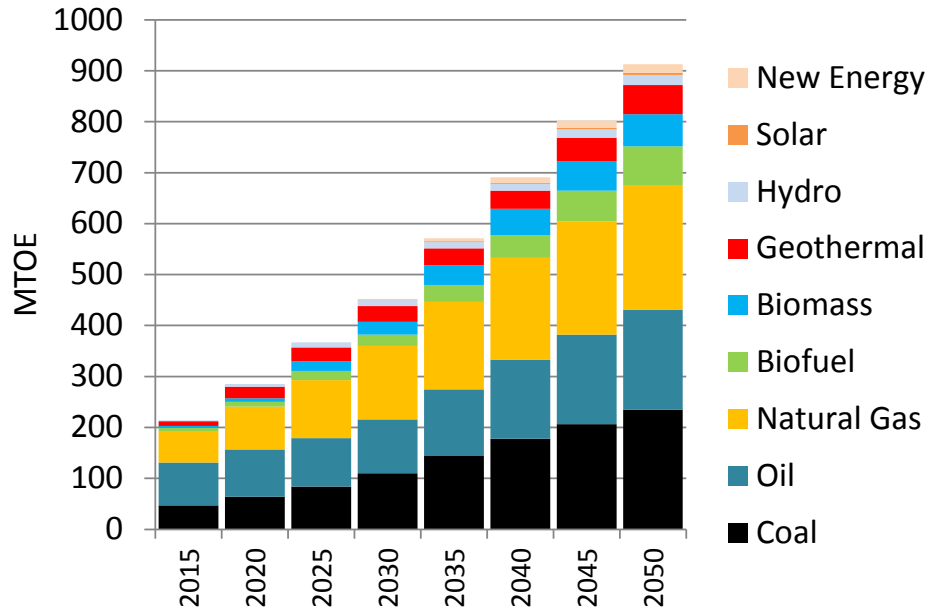
## Mitigation Potentials Analysis

- Modelling RAN GRK and examine GHG reduction potential.
- Modelling extension of RAN GRK for achieving INDC
- Modelling National Energy Council Policy Scenario and examine GHG reduction

Tools for analysis: ExSS Snapshot AIM Model

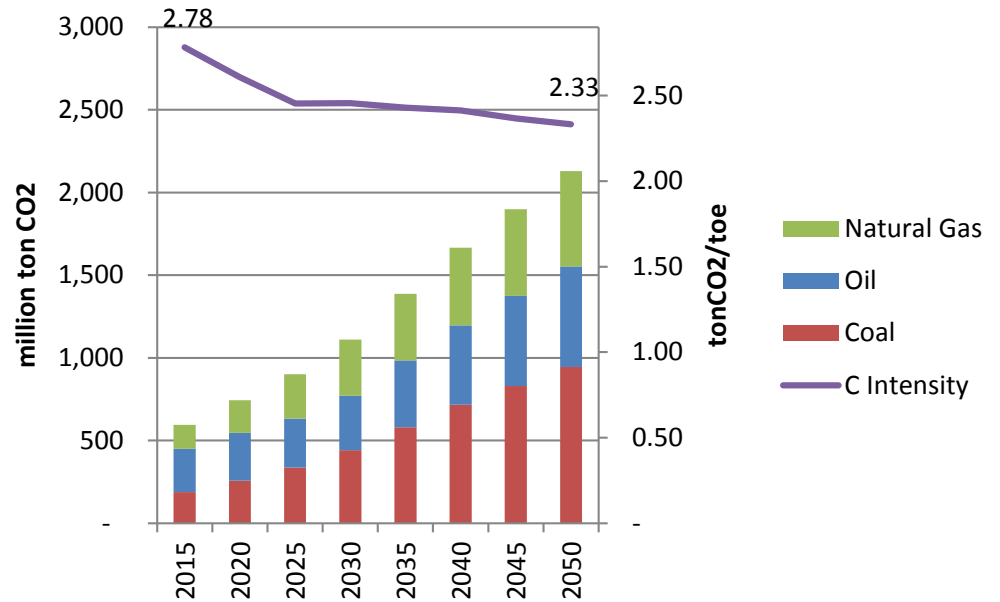


# National Energy Council (DEN) Scenario

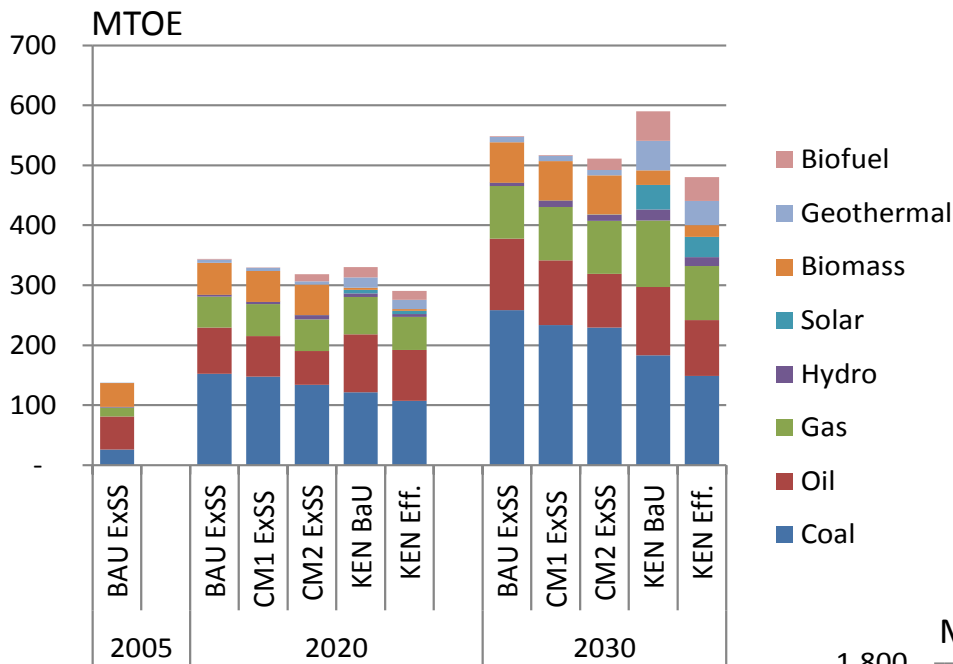


Development Objective:  
Energy Security

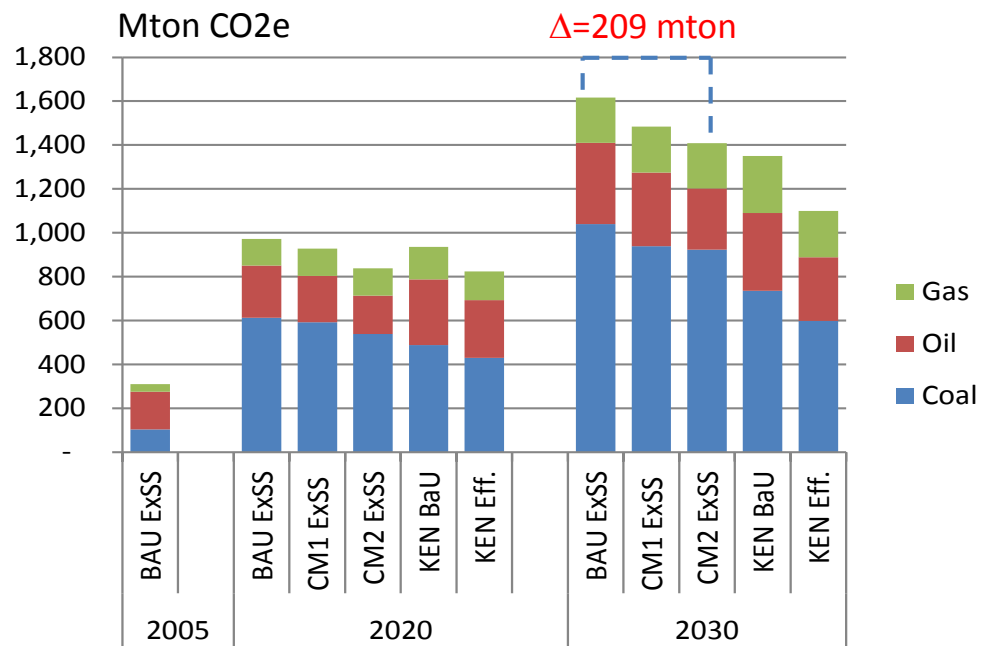
GHG Emissions →



# Results of ExSS Model Runs



CM1: extend RAN GRK  
 CM2: RAN GRK + biofuel  
 KEN: Nat Energy Council





## Closing Remarks

- Indonesia GHG reduction has been planned based on scientific rationale, involving line ministries and scientific communities.
- Mitigation action plans for RAN GRK have been implemented and the corresponding GHG reductions have been reported. MRV system to verify reduction claims need to be established.
- Indonesia INDC has been submitted, targeting 29% emission reduction (below BAU) in 2030.
- INDC emission targets needs to be translated into specific mitigation plans. This will require science-based policy/planning inputs.