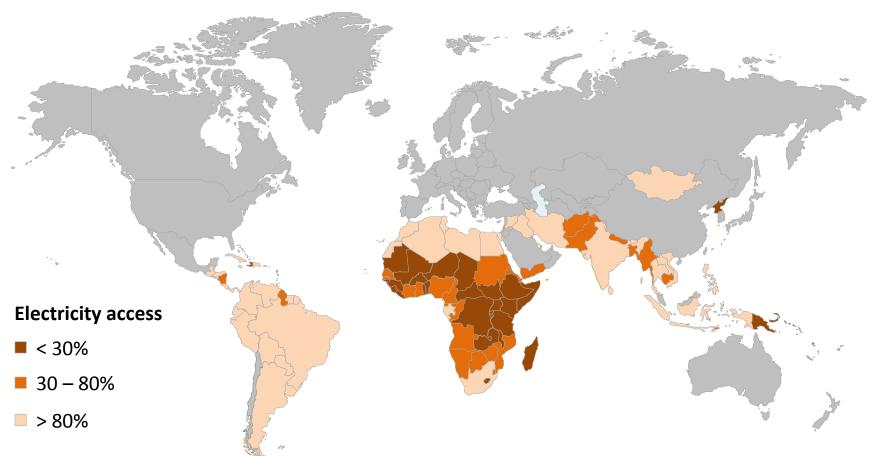


NORLD ENERGY OUTLOOK

Energy access and low carbon development

Hannah Daly LCS-Rnet meeting , 13 September 2017

Electricity access for all remains elusive



Source: IEA World Energy Outlook analysis

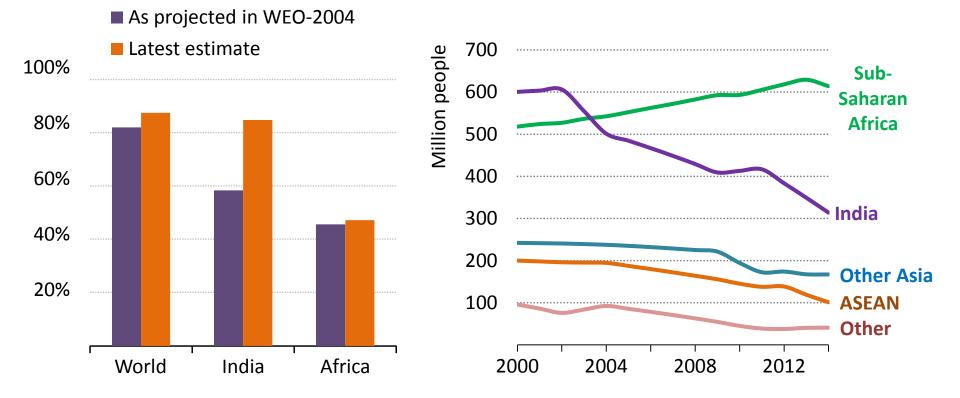
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Latest WEO estimates show that 1.2 billion people still don't have access to electricity, putting a major break on efforts to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals but progress is seen in all world regions

Access to electricity, 2014

Population without electricity access, 2000-2014

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Renewed policy commitment, new business models and improving technology costs for decentralized renewables are coming together to improve progress

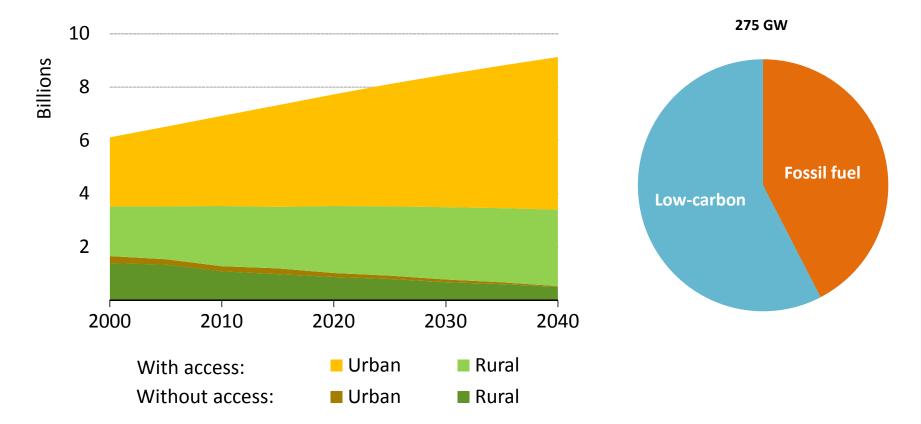
Access for all is within reach, and renewables are key

Global population with and without

electricity access, 2000-2040

Global capacity additions for electricity access 2015-2040

WORLD



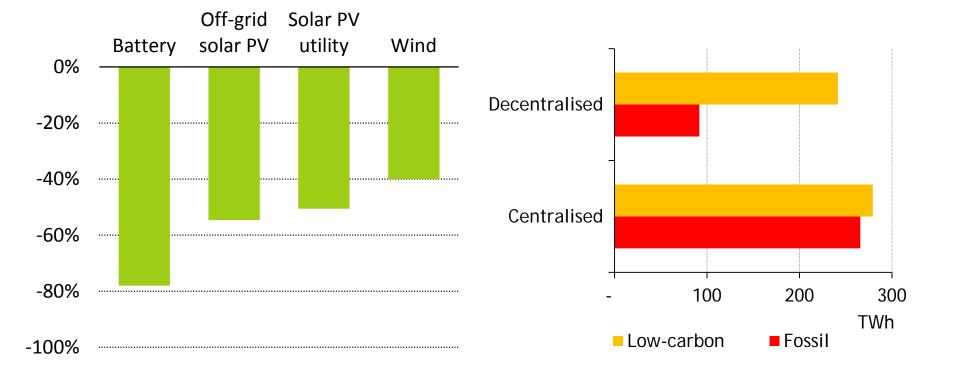
Currently planned policies fall short of meeting universal access to electricity, but 2 billion gain access through 2040 with a variety of sources

Climate policies can also help unlock energy access



Sources of generation for achieving universal access to electricity

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Bringing the world on track to 2°C enables cost reductions in low-carbon technologies which can unlock greater energy access, especially with decentralised solutions

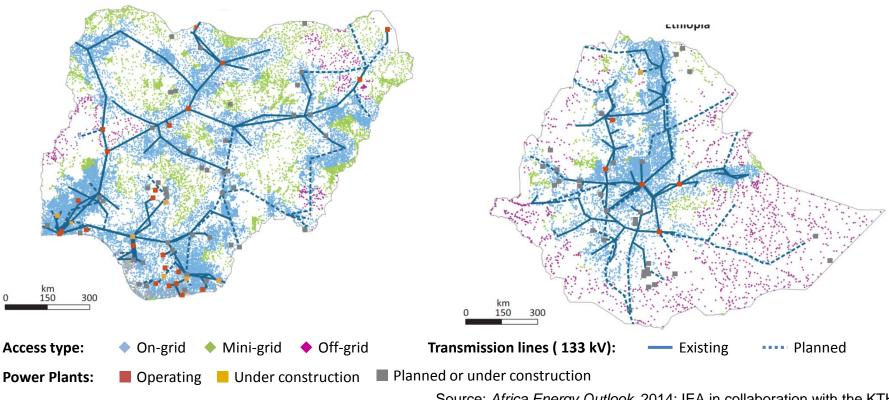
Different pathways to energy for all: Mapping universal access

Optimum split by grid type, based on anticipated expansion of main transmission lines

Nigeria



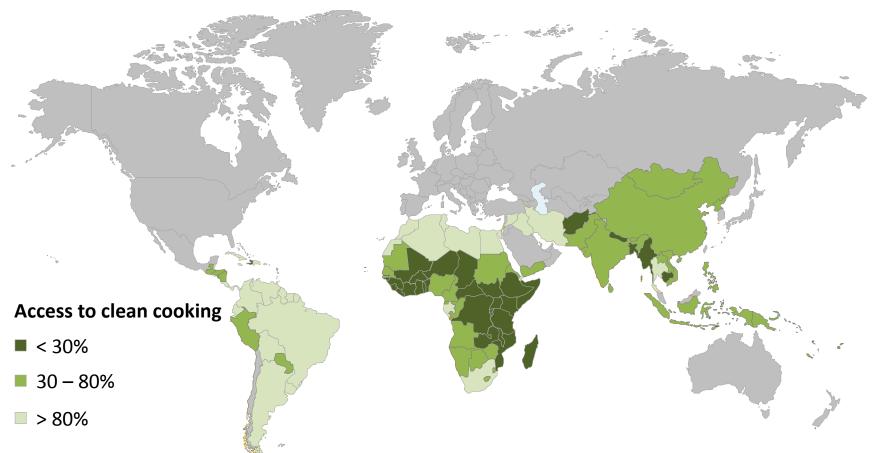
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Source: *Africa Energy Outlook,* 2014; IEA in collaboration with the KTH Royal Institute of Technology, division of Energy Systems Analysis.

Path to modern energy not one-size-fits-all: energy resources are widespread, but human, financial & regulatory resources are not

The use of solid fuels for cooking remains widespread



Source: IEA World Energy Outlook analysis

WORLD ENERGY OUTLOOK

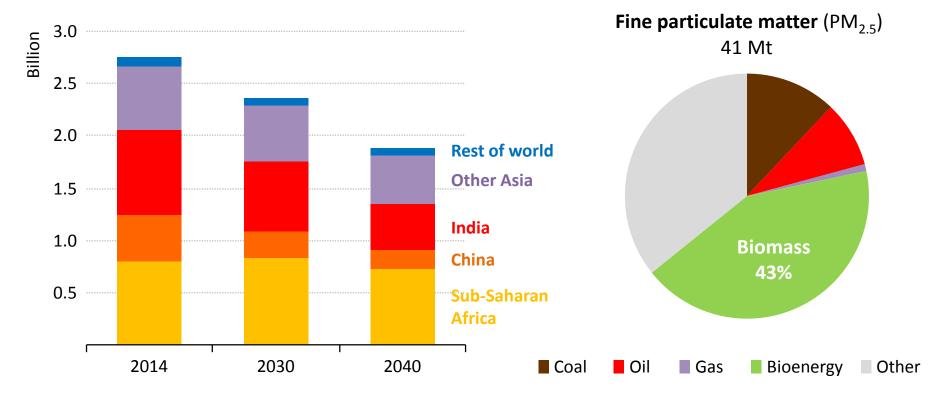
Latest WEO estimates show that 2.7 billion people still rely on the traditional use of biomass for cooking

and has major health consequences

Population relying on the traditional use of biomass for cooking

Energy-related pollutant emissions, 2015

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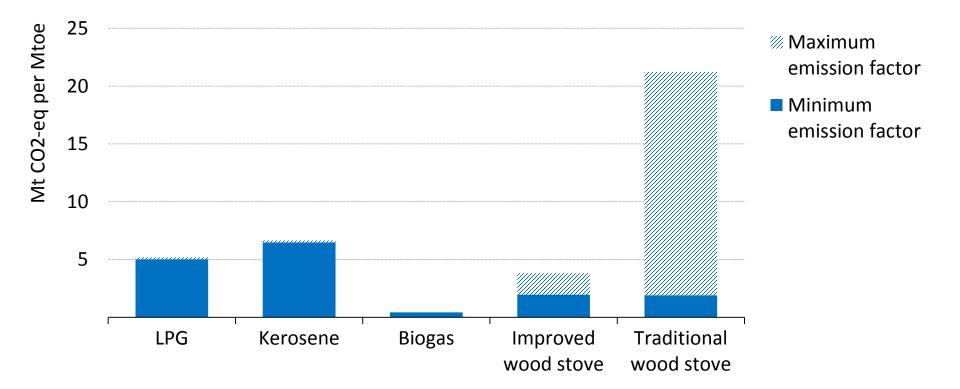


Access to clean cooking continues to lag behind electrification, continuing to create a major health problem in developing countries

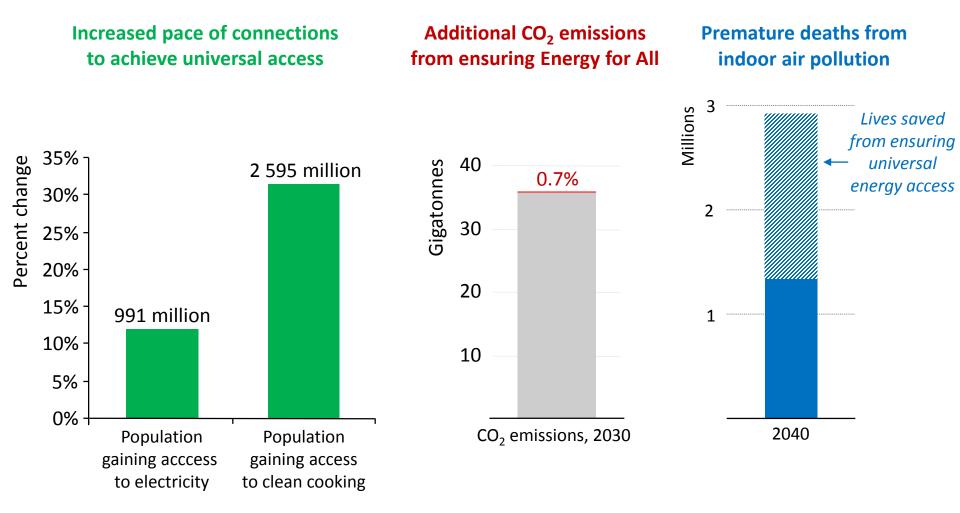
Climate implications of energy access

Ranges of GHG emissions from different combinations of cookstoves and fuels

WORLD



Ensuring universal energy access can have a net-positive climate impact by reducing GHGs from inefficient sources and biomass Universal access: what more needs to be done and what is the impact?



P-

WORLD ENERGY OUTLOOK

Modern energy for the world need not cost the earth

WEO-2017 Energy Access Outlook – key areas of focus

- IEA has a long history in this area; including connecting across agendas (renewables, digitalisation, capacity building etc.)
- Energy Access Outlook will:
 - Include updated country-by-country energy access estimates and outlook
 - Present a strategy on how to achieve modern energy access for all by 2030 (by region, technology, fuel, levels of investment etc.)
 - Examine how energy development can unleash productive economic activity, serving to accelerate economic growth
 - Analyse the intersection between energy access and other critical issues, such as health, the environment & gender
- Launch of the report: **19 October 2017**



WORLD ENERGY OUTLOOK

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