





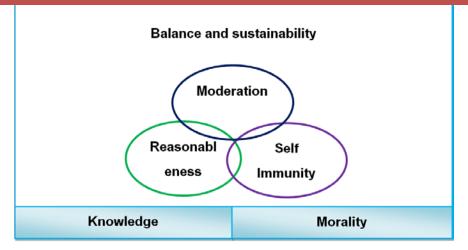


### **Low Carbon Society and Sufficiency Economy**

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### Principle of sufficiency economy



#### **Three levels of Sufficiency Economy Indicators**

#### Partial Practice (Doing)

- Community activities to conserve and restore natural resources
- Application of rules in using and managing natural resources and the environment

•Human Resource Development and Networks

•Awareness among community members of environmental conservation

#### Comprehensive (Thinking)

#### Inspiration (Living)

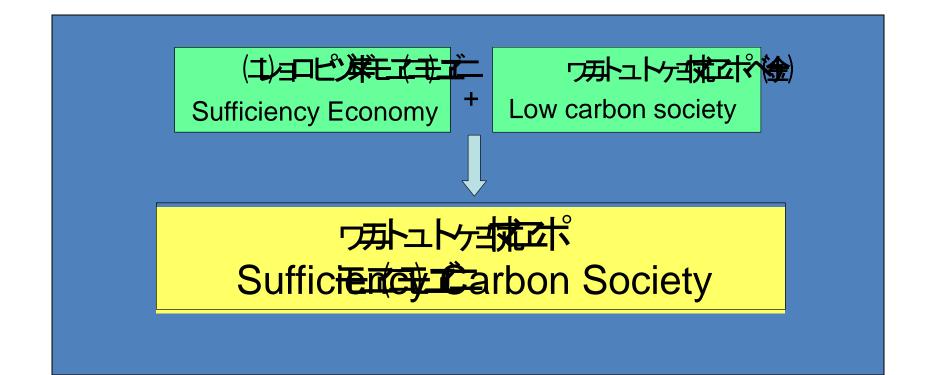
- Application of Local Wisdom and Innovation
- •Integrated practice in natural resource and environmental management
- Recognition of Carrying
  Capacity and Ecological
  Balance

 An adjustment of lifestyles in consistency with nature

# Principle of Low Carbon society

- Carbon Minimization
  - Minimization of carbon dioxide emissions from all sectors
- Simpler and Richer quality of life
  - Society shifting from consumption towards QOL oriented society. Revolution led by society consumer's choice.
- Coexistence with nature
  - Maintaining and restoring natural environment that is that is essential for LCS

# Sufficiency Carbon Society



# A case study of sufficiency carbon society

- Sufficiency Economy Implementation :
  - Community sector- Ban Pred Nai
  - Service sector- Chumporn Cabana Resort and Spa



Implementation of actions Sufficiency economy that support action of low carbon activity

Ban Pred Nai Village, Trad Province



• Problem : coastal erosion and mangrove deforestation

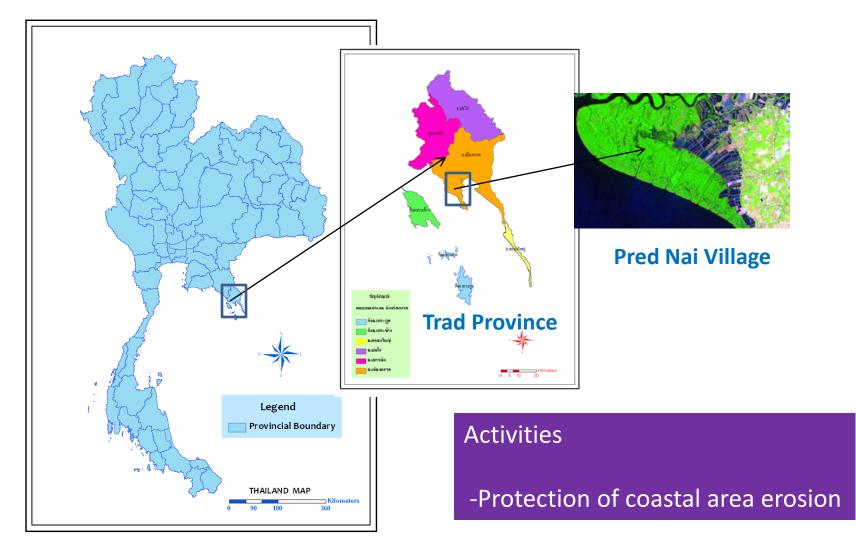
 Impact : loss of shoreline, Loss of mangrove , Loss of biodiversity, Loss income from fishery and crab catching

Action :

Doing- apply community law, networking mangrove conservation club young eco tour guide

Thinking- using rubber wave blockade to prevent erosion

### A Case of Sufficiency Economy in Pred Nai Village, Trad Province

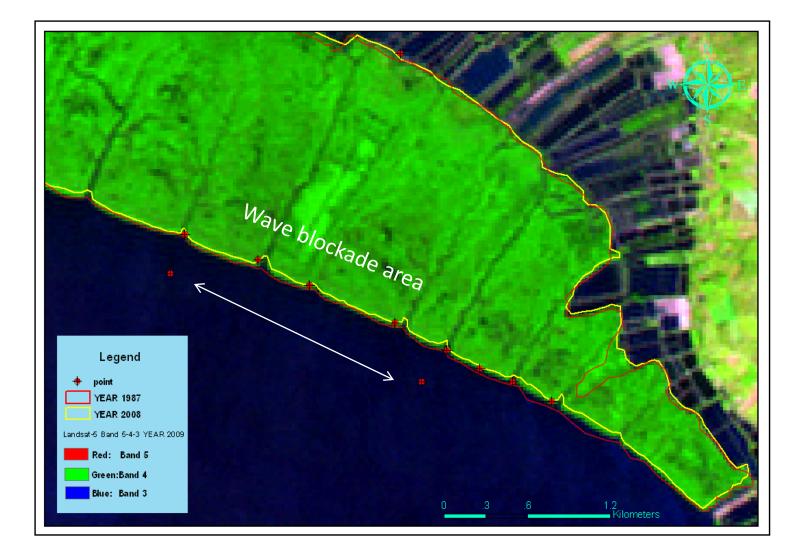


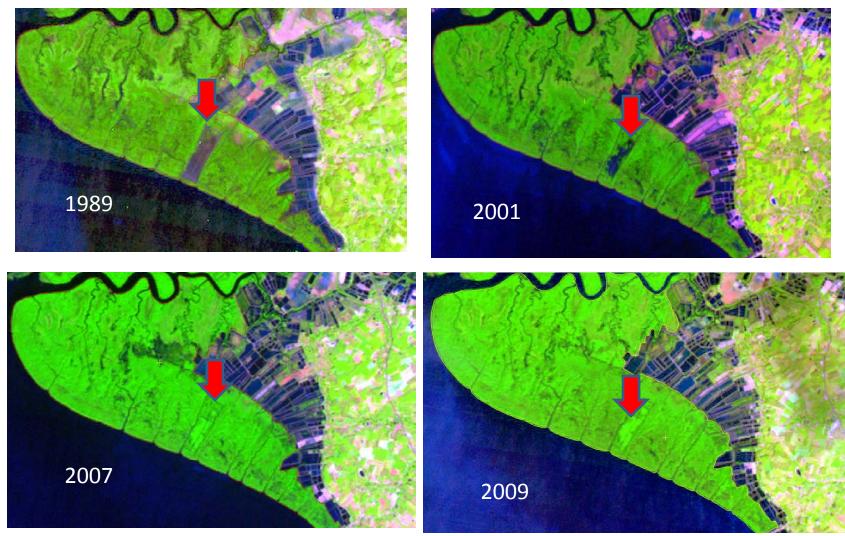
# Protection of coastal area erosion





- erosion occurred
- Mangrove forest was degraded
  - **Biodiversity loss**
  - Less income

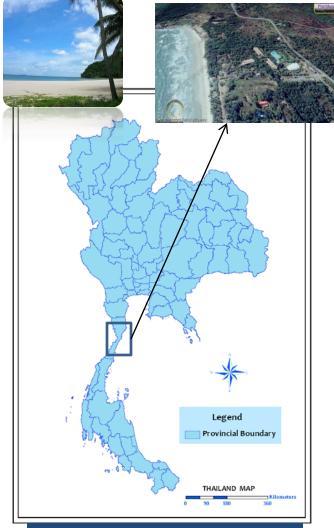




LANDSAT-5

Increasing 102 rai of mangrove area and managing 301 rai Removal of CO2 approx. 1205.1 t/yr= 2.03 tonnes CO2/ head/year

### Sufficiency Economy and Low Carbon Society : Sufficiency Carbon Society



Chumporn Cabana Resort



**Energy Recovery** 



Waste water treatment



**Employee production** 

Implementation of actions Sufficiency economy that support action of low carbon activity



Chumporn Cabana resort Chumporn province

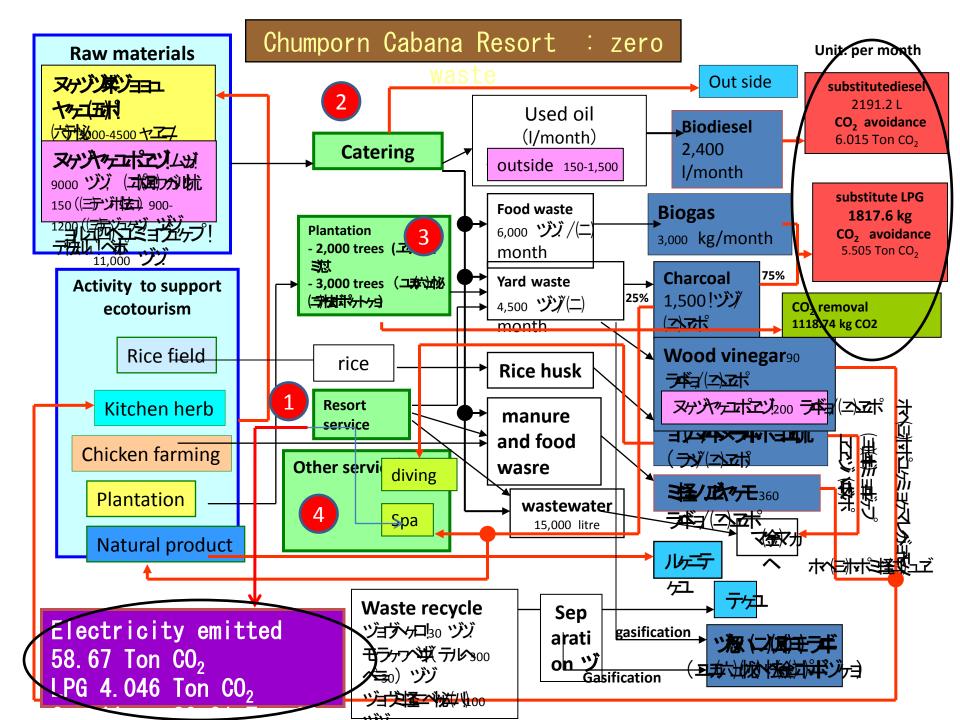


• Problem : Investment during economics collapse

• Impact : 300 Million Baht dept, employee lay out

Action :

Doing- Zero waste implementation, Eco driving activity, Energy recovery Thinking- Employee business, helping each other Living: Demonstration site, knowledge center



### CO2 avoidance

| Ton CO2/month | kg CO2/guest night |
|---------------|--------------------|
|               |                    |
| 5.505         | 0.98               |
| 6.015         | 1.07               |
|               |                    |
| 539.24        | 0.10               |
| 579.5         | 0.10               |
|               | 2.26               |
|               | 6.015<br>539.24    |

### CO2 emission

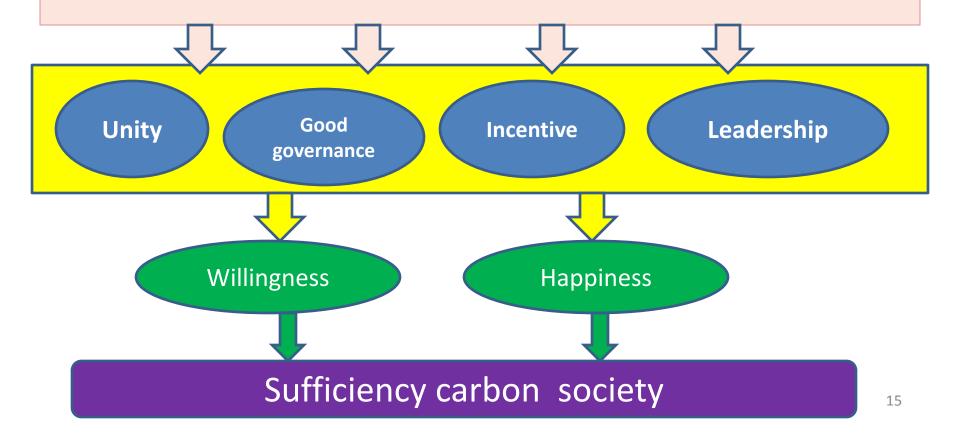
| Activity           | Ton CO2/month | kg CO2/guest night |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Electricity        |               | 10.48              |
| Diesel             | 15.08         | 2.69               |
| Benzene            | 2.71          | 0.48               |
| LPG (car)          | 3.02          | 0.54               |
| LPG (cooking)      | 4.05          | 0.72               |
| Total CO2 emission |               | (14.92)            |

Average Hotel emission per guest night of Word Tourist Organization = 20.6 kg Co2 /guest night

### LCS driven by sufficiency approach

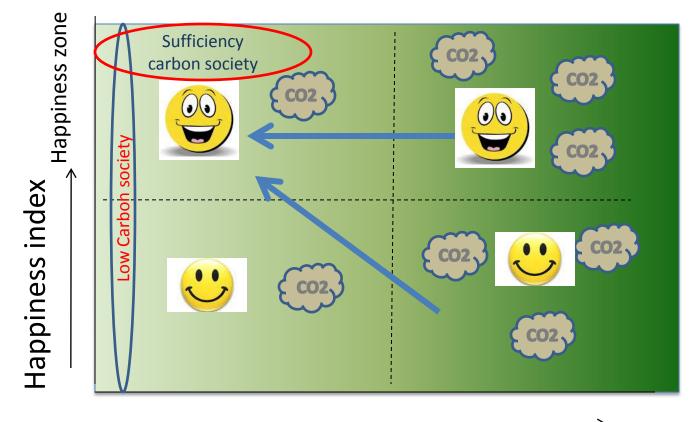
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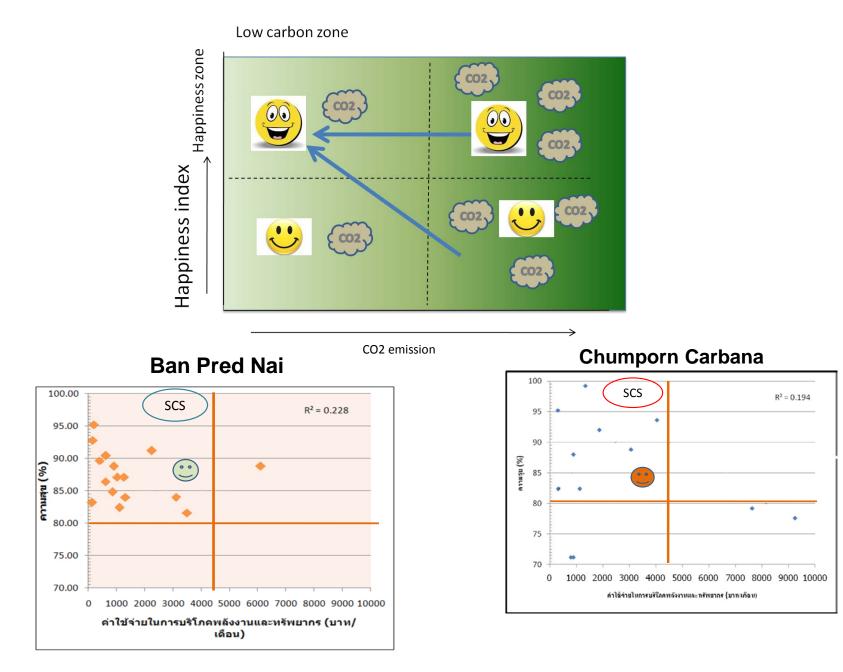
## **Emission and Happiness**

Low carbon zone

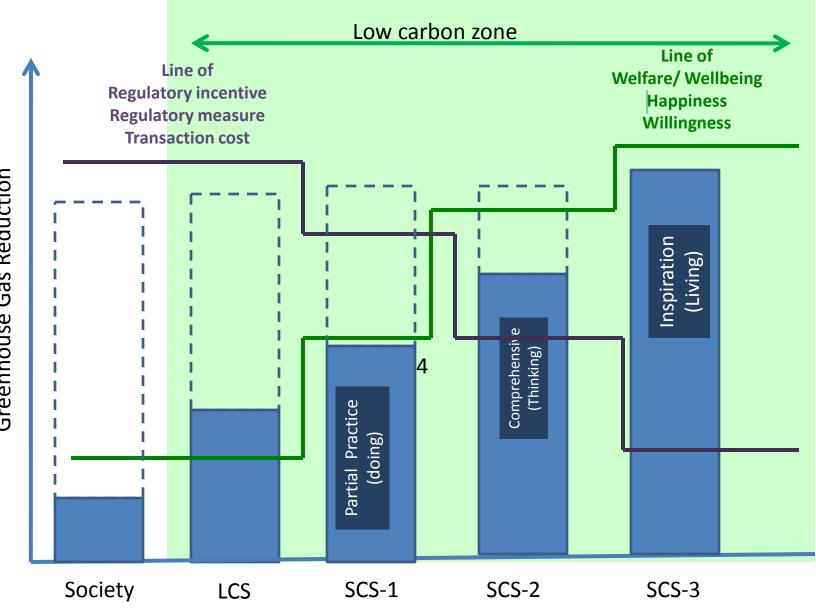


CO2 emission

Towprayoon and Kadkarnkrai 2010



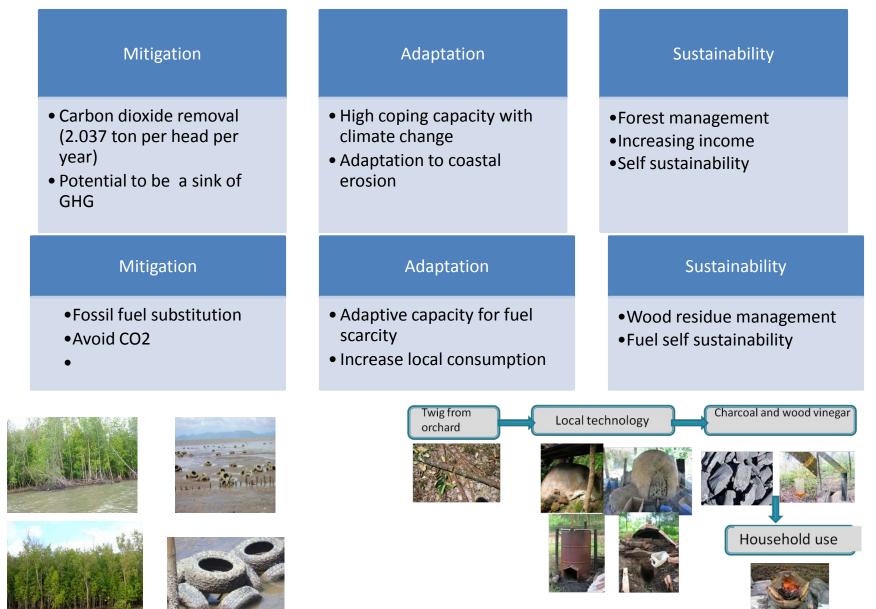
Sufficiency Carbon Society : SCS



Reduction with transaction cost

Gas Reduction Greenhouse

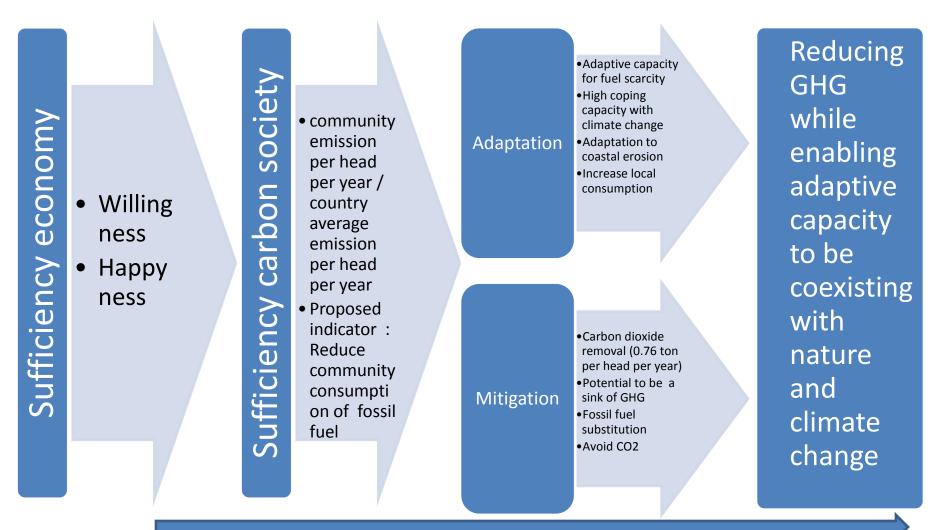
### Sufficiency carbon society, adaptation and sustainability



### **SCS** Indicators

| Type of indicator                 | Common indicators  | SCS indicator (doing, thinking, living)   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| ID 1 GHG emission                 | Emission per unit  | Emission from community management per<br>unit  |
| ID 2 Fossil fuel<br>dependent     | Amount of fossil fuel/electricity consumption per unit                               | Amount of fossil fuel/electricity<br>consumption per unit reduced by<br>community management/life style change          |
| ID3 Renewable energy              | Amount of renewable energy used  | Increasing of renewable used that come from community management/life style change                                      |
| ID4 Technology                    | Number of GHG reduction technologies selected by community                           | Number of GHG reduction technologies selected, promote and developed by communities                                     |
| ID5 Awareness                     | Number of population that<br>understand Global warming /number<br>of projects on GHG | Number of projects on GHG that is<br>networking to outside /project for the future<br>positive impact                   |
| ID6 Expense on energy consumption | Expense used per unit time   | Per cent increasing of expense used for local product and for GHG related issues  |
| ID7 Happiness                     | Happiness index increase from participating in the GHG mitigation activities         | Happiness index increase due to technology<br>dependence and due to life style change<br>and willing to help reduce CO2 |
|                                   |  |   |

## Sufficiency carbon society and beyond....

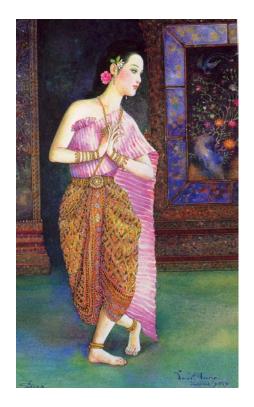


2050 and beyond

## Conclusion

- Driving force for behavioral change can be different among communities and parties
- Change of behavior in these cases caused by external problem encountered and sufficiency economy implementation lead them to Sufficiency Carbon Society.
- Community with sufficiency economy implementation, their mindset of consumption through eco-thinking and routine activities are different from other communities.
- Low carbon society is not only driven by technologies but the consciousness of human for their living.
- Community with sufficiency economic concern is likely to drive towards low carbon society through their perception attitude and consciousness rather than those in other area where technology still play the role in mitigation.
- Merging this concept of mitigation with sufficiency concern with ecotechnologies is the challenge for Thailand to drive forward low carbon society in the near future.

### Thank you for your attention and Sawasdee Ka



Acknowledgement

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