

Innovation and transitions to low carbon societies: lessons from the UK

Jim Watson, Director, UKERC

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Overview

- 1. UK policy context
- 2. Innovation: a systems perspective
- 3. Three case studies of UK policy
- 4. Conclusions and policy lessons





UK policy context





Innovation systems

Linear model of innovation process	Understanding innovation:	
Research Develop- ment Demon- stration Diffusion	from	

Source: Global Energy Assessment кексно



Innovation systems





Meeting global climate targets Innovation is already making an impact



Source: IEA World Energy Outlook (2016)

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Meeting global climate targets But: innovation takes time



Source: UKERC / Committee on Climate Change



Meeting global climate targets Public funding for energy R,D&D





Meeting global climate targets Carbon pricing



UK Energy Research Centre Markets and technologies are diverse: one price doesn't fit all



There is often a need to bridge the 'valley of death'



Source: The Carbon Trust / Infrastructure Intelligence

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Different types to public and private finance also required

Figure 5: Mission-oriented finance along entire innovation chain in the renewable energy sector





UK case studies Energy efficiency in buildings





UK case studies Offshore wind





UK case studies Low carbon vehicles

June	Total	Diesel	Petrol	AFV
2018	234,945	74,361	145,035	15,549
2017	243,454	103,564	129,169	10,721
% change	-3.5%	-28.2%	12.3%	45.0%
Mkt share 2018		31.7%	61.7%	6.6%
Mkt share 2017		42.5%	53.1%	4.4%
Year-to-date	Total	Diesel	Petrol	AFV
2018	1,313,994	428,612	812,535	72,847
2017	1,401,811	613,985	729,168	58,658
% change	-6.3%	-30.2%	11.4%	24.2%
Mkt share 2018		32.6%	61.8%	5.5%
Mkt share 2017	-	43.8%	52.0%	4.2%

Source: Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders

HM Government



The Road to Zero

Next steps towards cleaner road transport and delivering our





Lessons for policy

- Government policies shape the rate and direction of energy innovation, but national policies need to account for global trends
- Public funding of innovation is important, and needs to go beyond R&D to support demonstration and scaling up
- Carbon pricing necessary but not sufficient to create markets: specific policies, financing and institutions also required
- The UK has embraced a more 'mission-oriented' approach at a conceptual level, but implementation is very mixed





Thanks

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